EXHIBIT 58

Pages 1 - 33

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Before The Honorable Vince Chhabria, Judge

IN RE: FACEBOOK, INC. CONSUMER)
PRIVACY USER PROFILE LITIGATION)

NO. 18-md-02843 VC

San Francisco, California Thursday, March 5, 2020

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

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Thursday - March 5, 2020 1 2:03 p.m. 2 PROCEEDINGS ---000---3 THE CLERK: Calling Case Number 18-MD-2843, In Re: 4 5 Facebook Inc. Consumer Privacy User Profile Litigation. Counsel, for Plaintiffs please state your appearances for 6 the record. 7 MR. LOESER: Hi, this is Derek Loeser for Plaintiffs. 8 With me in my office are Cari Laufenberg and David Ko and also 9 appearing are Lesley Weaver and Annie Davis and Matt 10 11 Montgomery. Thank you. And for Defendant. 12 THE CLERK: 13 MR. SNYDER: Good afternoon, Judge. It is Orin Snyder for Facebook from Gibson Dunn, and with me on the phone are 14 15 Deborah Stein, Josh Lipshutz and Martie Kutscher. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Hi, Everybody. So it sounds like 17 everything is going great. 18 MR. SNYDER: All over the world, Your Honor. THE COURT: Yeah. I don't really know where to start 19 20 or what to do with you at this point. I quess -- I will -- let 21

me start with this: You know, there is -- for a while now we have been discussing Facebook's production of the same documents that it produced to the FTC. And, you know, the Plaintiffs have been asking for me to

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order Facebook to simply turn over all the same documents.

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I responded that I thought out of fairness to Facebook, if
Facebook wanted to review all those documents again and, you
know, sort of try to determine whether it produced some stuff
to the FTC that it shouldn't produce to the Plaintiffs --
either because it is privileged or too far afield from this
litigation or something like that -- that that would be
appropriate.
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And so I gave them -- I said that they could do that. It sounds like from reading your papers, that Facebook is prepared to make that production by the end of this month; that is, all of the stuff that it turned over to the FTC minus whatever it concludes it should withhold for privilege reasons or for relevance reasons in this litigation.

I assume that that would cover the vast majority of the documents that the Plaintiffs would want in this litigation.

Am I wrong about that? And if I'm wrong about that, what am I missing?

MR. LOESER: So, Your Honor -- this is Derek Loeser.

Just before I start, it sounds like someone is on a cell phone or something. While you were speaking there was probably breathing. It makes it a little hard to hear the Court. So if there is a mute someone can press, that would be useful.

THE COURT: Do you need -- do you need me to repeat what I said? I mean the short version --

MR. LOESER: No. I think I heard --

Okay, go ahead. 1 THE COURT: Sorry. Yeah, I think the short 2 MR. LOESER: version -- I quess I will repeat it back to you to make sure I 3 have it -- is whether Facebook's offer to produce FTC materials 4 5 after its privilege and relevancy review at the end of March is sufficient or not. 6 7 And here is our concern: First, on this question of privilege review, there is no privilege remaining for these 8 documents in the Ninth Circuit. 9 So that's -- we will circle back to that later, but 10 11 Your Honor has indicated that there is --THE COURT: You mean because they waived the privilege 12 13 by turning it over to FTC? MR. LOESER: Yes. The Ninth Circuit, with every 14 15 circuit except for the Eighth Circuit, has rejected any notion 16 that you can voluntarily turn information over to a government 17 agency and retain attorney-client privilege for that 18 information. Yeah, but one of the things --19 THE COURT: MR. LOESER: Yeah, but --20 THE COURT: One of the things that we discussed was 21 22 that -- you know, they might have reasons to do a more careful 23 review in this case than in their interactions with the FTC;

right. So maybe there could have been inadvertent --

privileged documents inadvertently produced to the FTC; right?

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MR. LOESER: Yeah. I don't want to distract because I think this might be something we have to brief, and the Court would have to rule on whether there is such a thing as inadvertent production in which you can preserve a privilege.

MR. LOESER: I don't think anything Facebook did when turning documents over to the Government would be considered anything other than a waiver of an attorney-client privilege, but I think --

THE COURT: Okay --

THE COURT:

MR. LOESER: -- what I was --

Okay.

THE COURT: I don't know a lot about -- sorry. I was just going to say: I don't know a lot about that issue. So that may be that is something you ultimately need to brief.

That's fine.

MR. LOESER: So the heart of your question is the relevancy review and why are we not satisfied with Facebook simply saying they are going to conduct a relevancy review and give us what makes it through their screen.

I guess I would put it to you this way: One, we are very concerned about that review and whether their interpretation of relevance coincides in any meaningful way with our own. From everything we have heard from Facebook so far, they have a very, very narrow view of what is relevant here. That's the first concern.

The second concern is the whole reason why we spent months fighting with Facebook to get the FTC correspondence was so that we could look and see and evaluate really what was given to the FTC. And we have that correspondence and we have gone through it.

And, frankly, based on your review -- with the exception of some very discrete categories -- there is a very clean overlap between those two matters. So what we said to Facebook is: Okay, let's talk about that. We both have read this correspondence. Tell us what you think is not relevant by category so we can come to some agreement so you can then do your review once and produce the documents once.

What we are very concerned about with the October deadline is the process that Facebook has in mind would involve them unilaterally pulling documents out of production; not telling us what they pulled and not logging it in any way -- which is what they said they are going to do -- and then us having to sit there and try to piece together what has been removed.

It is very likely that we would disagree with what they are going to do, and then we would have a fight and motions practice. And then if we prevail, another production would have to occur. And that in and of itself --

THE COURT: How is that different from -- let's say
the FTC action never happened; right. And you submitted
document requests, you know, that were similar to what the FTC

didn't ask but the FTC action never happened. And then

Facebook would be going through its documents and deciding what

to -- and they would do an initial cut -- they would take an

initial cut. They would have an initial universe of documents

and they would go through those, and they would pull out stuff

that they conclude is not responsive to your requests.

And they would never be required to do a log of the stuff that they pulled out and determined was irrelevant or non-responsive to your request. So I guess, why should they have to do that here?

MR. LOESER: Well, the technical reason why is under Rule 34 if you are reviewing materials and it is a set of materials, you do have to log or provide some information on how you are calling documents out.

Here, we are not talking -- we live in a world where they have already done all this work, and they have already produced these documents; and we have asked for them in discovery. So if they are going to remove something from a production of materials that we have asked for that already exist, the standard mechanism under the discovery rule is for them to tell us how they are removing, what they are removing and what the basis is for -- of it is.

But I do think that the point you make it certainly brings to mind, you know, why are we bothering with any of this. And the reason why we are bothering with it is that we felt the fact that they have already gathered documents based on an investigation that very significantly, if not entirely, overlaps with this case, it is just a much faster way to get this information.

Now, I understand Facebook doesn't want this to be faster. But the fact of the matter is they have gathered this information. They have reviewed it. They have used search terms and custodians for the production, and we would get a significant head-start here if these materials could be turned over as opposed to having to wait to do this whole mechanism and process over again starting as if it hasn't already happened. So that's problem one.

Problem two is really the question of search terms and custodians, which is something we want to talk about today; and, perhaps, we should talk about it next. But really, you know, we asked for the FTC materials because it obviously is relevant and overlaps and because it is a means and a method to just get this moving much faster than having to start all over again.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, may I be heard? It is Orin Snyder.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. SNYDER: How are you, Judge? Nice to be talking to you on the phone. Sorry we are not there in person, but thanks for accommodating our request.

This is a little bit like either The Twilight Zone or Alice In Wonderland because the roles here seem to be reversed. We, as the Defendant, are eager -- in fact, chomping at the bit -- to prosecute our defenses. And we are trying to proceed, not only in an efficient manner but in a prompt manner, in getting to document production and then depositions.

And we have given search terms and -- to the other side and we are producing the documents, the FTC documents. We are reviewing them -- not categorically. We are reviewing them document by document just as you had suggested we do. We have agreed to provide that by the 31st.

What the Plaintiffs are saying is, Judge, we are not even ready to engage on search terms. We don't want to even give you any Plaintiffs for depositions until we know what search terms you and the FTC agree to and until we basically figure out what theory of the case we want because they are confined now, Your Honor, to the four topics that you identified -- having gone through their kitchen sink complaint -- and identified as four potential theories.

On those theories we are prepared to produce documents pursuant to the proper document request promptly. We are working literally every day around the clock to do that.

We are not seeking to delay anything. We intend to comply with the October cutoff date. We are ready to proceed on the merits of our defenses.

And it is the Plaintiffs, Judge, truly -- and we can walk you through how they are holding up things at every turn; and we believe, respectfully, it is because they are not content with these four theories, and they want to search around for something else that they can allege either in the pleading or otherwise.

And, Your Honor, the metrics belie any notion of delay here. Not only did we respond to their 1,400 paragraph Complaint, we produced already 150,000 pages of documents. We are promptly producing the FTC documents. We gave them the search terms.

We met and conferred with them for over 15 hours.

THE COURT: Could I ask you --

MR. SNYDER: Ninety --

THE COURT: Sorry to interrupt.

MR. SNYDER: Sure.

THE COURT: Part of the problem with this discussion is, you know, this is nobody's fault; but I don't have the ability based on the amount of time I have spent on this and the amount -- and based on the information you have given me and based on the things that you both are saying here today -- I don't have the ability to determine who is in the wrong, who is being unreasonable. I mean, no matter how --

MR. SNYDER: Right.

THE COURT: -- no matter how much either of you pound

the podium --

MR. SNYDER: I have a suggestion -- but I have a suggestion for the Court. And I think that you said: Where do we go and what do we do from here?

We, Facebook, want to follow the Federal Rules of Civil
Procedure with dispatch and the utmost good-faith. We are
already producing hundreds of thousands of documents before the
parties have even agreed to an ESI protocol, search terms or
custodians.

If the Plaintiffs would meet and confer with us on ESI protocol, search terms and custodians, we will get to work in a hurry, Judge; and we will produce whatever is responsive, relevant and non-privileged.

THE COURT: I wonder if the best way to move things along is -- I'm interested in both of your thoughts on this -- but I wonder if I should try to find a Magistrate Judge who can sit down with you-all -- refer this case to a Magistrate Judge for discovery purposes and have it be somebody who can sit down with you-all in person once every two weeks to sort of make sure that things are still moving; make sure that the Plaintiffs are not unfairly picking at Facebook; to make sure that Facebook is not adopting an artificially narrow definition of relevance; and just to -- you know, is there somebody with the -- and, frankly, somebody who knows something about electronic discovery.

You know, that is not something that I ever -- you know, as a lawyer in my practice -- as a lawyer I never had to deal with electronic discovery or hardly ever. You know, and it is rare that anything comes up for me as a District Judge.

Maybe what we need is somebody who can really roll up their sleeves with some expertise on this stuff and help you cut through it all.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, it is Mr. Snyder. The issue there is -- we are always happy to meet with a Magistrate Judge if there is an impasse.

What I'm trying to explain -- I guess, not effectively -to the Court is it is so premature because the Plaintiffs are
not coming to the table in the ordinary course as a Plaintiff
prosecuting a case normally would, which would be chomping at
the bit to get custodians, search terms and --

THE COURT: Right. But, again -- sorry to interrupt but, again, I'm not in a position to know whether that's actually true or not; right. I don't -- all I know sitting here is that we have two sides in a massive case that are having a tremendous amount of difficulty even, you know, figuring out the terms under which they are going to negotiate the production of discovery, and --

MR. SNYDER: You know what, Judge -- we are okay with that, Judge. I think -- look, we know -- and I know this sounds overly declarative. We know that we are not only in

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good-faith but we are working hard to do the right thing here.
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    And if Your Honor wants a Magistrate Judge to evaluate that, we
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     are confident that the Judge will agree because we are ready to
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     qo.
          We have a year to prove and we think win our case, and we
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     do not want to delay anything. It really is the Plaintiff who
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    put the brakes on. So if Your Honor thinks that going in front
     of a Magistrate Judge is constructive, we are all for it
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    because we do not want this case to be delayed. We want to go
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     forward on the current schedule.
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              THE COURT: And, you know, maybe --
              MR. LOESER: Your Honor --
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              THE COURT: -- we set something up where you are just
     required -- you know, sorry to make you fly all these times;
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    but it is just like an in-person meeting.
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          I mean, I had a real problem case awhile back where I -- I
     felt the need to do this, and there were just regular in-person
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     meetings with the Magistrate Judge. And, you know, things
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     got -- things started moving along once I did that.
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          Mr. Loeser?
              MR. LOESER: Your Honor, it's Derek Loeser.
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     could be heard.
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              THE COURT:
                          Go ahead.
              MR. LOESER: We don't have any problem with a
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     Magistrate Judge. We think Magistrate Judge Corley, for
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example, is someone who has a lot of experience with issues like this. I will say --

THE COURT: That's the person -- that's the person who fixed my last problem case. Anyway, sorry. Go ahead.

MR. LOESER: We would be in favor of that because I can tell you that, you know, it is nice to hear Mr. Snyder -- and I understand that he may not have a great grasp on the meet-and-confers and disputes that have occurred because he hasn't been on any of those meet-and-confer calls -- but I can tell you, we have tried very hard for a very long time to engage Facebook and have a reasonable conversation about search terms and custodians.

We have offered up what seemed to us like common-sense solutions; like, why don't we start with what you have already gathered for the FTC. Why don't we look at the custodians you have used there. Why don't we look at the search terms. They rejected all of that.

They have no organizational charts they claim; no charts that are -- not called organizational charts but have the same information. You know, if in discovery it ends up being the case that such materials actually exist, which wouldn't surprise us, I guess Facebook would have some explaining to do.

In the absence of any of this detailed information, we have just sort of gone out on the Internet to come up with as much information as we can to put together search terms and

custodians. Facebook has refused to discuss those.

So the idea that we have somehow -- Plaintiffs in a litigation want to slow down discovery is pretty ridiculous and obviously untrue. We would welcome biweekly -- we will sit down with a Magistrate three times a week if that's what it takes. We will be there as much as we need to be there. We will fly there. We want this case to move. We want to meet the deadline.

What we don't want to have happen is what Facebook has structured here, which is they have produced 150,000 documents that relate only to a handful of named Plaintiffs. The materials are produced in a fashion that makes them largely unusable. They have achieved what Your Honor said they should not do which is bifurcate discovery.

And at the present rate with what they are doing with discovery, meeting that deadline seems very, very challenging. We want to meet that deadline. We want to come there, and we will talk to anyone that we need to talk to make that happen.

THE COURT: Okay. I think that's what I'm going to do.

Are there any -- I mean -- I will preface my question that I'm about to ask you with the statement that I am generally very reluctant to appoint anybody from outside the court system, you know, Special Master, Special Discovery Master, what have you.

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But I just wanted to check. I know it happens a lot in
MDLs that a Special Discovery Master is appointed, somebody
from outside the court. So even though I'm -- I doubt I would
        I just wanted to ask people what they thought about
that as opposed to a Magistrate Judge.
                     Thank you, Your Honor. This is Deborah
         MS. STEIN:
Stein for Facebook just chiming in. I think we are comfortable
with a Magistrate Judge and are happy to participate in that
process.
     You know, I take it from Plaintiffs' Counsel that, you
know, he would like someone from Facebook who has been involved
in these calls to, you know, address the Court today on this.
     And I have been involved in the calls. I don't think that
Plaintiffs --
                    Well, I don't need -- I appreciate it, but
         THE COURT:
I don't really want to hear anymore discussion of who is right
or wrong.
         MS. STEIN:
                     Okay.
                     Simply because we can be here for three
         THE COURT:
hours, and I still would not be a position to know who is right
or wrong.
     Do you-all -- do you-all have a suggestion or a request
for a Magistrate Judge?
         MS. STEIN: We are fine, Your Honor, with whoever you
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would like. I think that from our perspective, you know, I

think what would make sense on a timing front would be whatever Your Honor thinks would make sense for the initial meeting and then, you know, on a going forward basis for the Magistrate to make determinations as to when the next meeting would make sense.

There are probably some instances where two weeks, you know, is really too quick. And maybe there are other instances where, you know, a follow-up call or something is required.

But, you know, I think having a standing two-week in-person might be a bit onerous and might make more sense to have it tied to, you know, specific milestones.

MS. WEAVER: Your Honor, if I might, this is Lesley Weaver on behalf of Plaintiffs.

And just to chime in here, I think -- if I'm hearing the Court correctly, I do think having somebody very skilled in ESI would be very helpful in this case.

We think a lot of this production needs to be done in native form. And that's going to be more complex than, I think, even ordinarily occurs in your run-of-the-mill antitrust or securities case just because of the natural environment a lot of the subject material lives in.

Magistrate Judge Corley certainly has that experience. I think Magistrate Judge Beeler does. If Your Honor decided that he wanted to consider a Special Master, we would be happy to discuss that. And Judge Laporte, who is now at JAMS, might be

a good candidate given her expertise with ESI as well. So those are just three options I think we would be comfortable with.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, may I suggest that we meet and confer and suggest a name if we can agree on one just because we are going to want to get client input on this one. Judge Grewal may have an opinion.

(Laughter)

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, Derek Loeser -- I'm sorry, go ahead.

THE COURT: Yeah, that's fine. I mean, even if you agree on a name, you may not get that name just because -- you know, it is going to depend on people's schedules; but why don't you go ahead and send -- go ahead and send Kristen an e-mail telling us what -- you know, whether -- whether the parties want to jointly recommend somebody or jointly request somebody and that can be -- you can do that by Monday. Does that sound okay?

MR. LOESER: Great, Judge. That sounds fine,
Your Honor. Just won't be any great surprise if the three
names we just provided are likely the ones that we think make
the most sense.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LOESER: In the meantime we have a collection of issues that we need to advance with all due* dispatch. And so

I'm not sure where that leaves us with those issues. I think the meet-and-confer process with regard to those issues is frankly at an impasse and it is not any great need to keep going around in circles.

So I suppose we will send in this e-mail. Hopefully we will have an agreement in the next couple of days or if no agreement, the Court can simply indicate who the Special Master will be. And it would then be the plan to submit these disputes to the Magistrate or Special Master.

THE COURT: I'm happy to, you know, make an attempt to cut through some of the stuff if it would be helpful to you.

I will start with Facebook. I have a question of Facebook. I'm looking at Footnote 2 of Facebook's case management statement.

It says (reading): "Plaintiff's contend Facebook has not completed production of certain FTC correspondence that the parties discussed with the Court. This is untrue. Facebook has produced all document demands and correspondence that it agreed to provide from the FTC proceedings."

That was a little ambiguous to me. I don't know if that was just -- it was sort of a mistake in the way you worded it.

But "we have produced everything that we agreed to provide."

I thought that I ordered you to provide all correspondence between you and the FTC about document production. So I just wanted to get clear whether you have provided -- whether you

have disclosed to the Plaintiffs all correspondence between you and the FTC regarding document production.

MS. KUTSCHER: Your Honor, this is Martie Kutscher at Gibson.

I think the wording of the footnote was just a little bit unclear. There was nothing intentional about that wording. At the last case management conference we had discussed that Facebook had already produced all document demands from the FTC from its 2018/2019 investigation as well as correspondence from the FTC describing the scope of those demands.

And we understood that the Court had ordered us to produce the same materials from the earlier FTC proceeding. So we produced those materials.

The parties had separately discussed producing additional correspondence from the 2018/2019 investigation from Facebook regarding the scope of what was produced in that investigation, and that correspondence has been produced.

THE COURT: Okay. A related issue is that the Plaintiffs want search terms that were used to prepare the FTC productions. I'm not really seeing what is wrong with providing the Plaintiffs with search terms that were used to prepare the FTC productions. It may -- it may streamline the process of figuring out what search terms to use and what search terms not to use, and I don't see how Facebook is harmed in any real way by providing those to the Plaintiffs.

MS. STEIN: Your Honor, this is Deborah Stein again.

This is an issue that we have gone around with Plaintiffs on and we actually prepared a joint letter on because it is an important issue. And for some reason the matter that we had fully briefed did not get presented to Your Honor.

We have a concern about this for a variety of reasons. We do think that it will end up creating inefficiencies because these are different cases with different requests for production.

And we have a concern that what is really going on here is that they are looking for the FTC search terms for different reasons than efficiency purposes; that they are looking to sort of second-guess the FTC investigation. And we have provided them with very broad, lengthy boolean searches that they are free to build upon and make -- propose searches that they think hit upon their actual request for production that are tethered to their request for production and what is at issue in this case as opposed to the FTC case.

They are getting the FTC documents from us starting with search terms that have already been used and run and that they are getting the documents for doesn't really advance getting them more documents here.

THE COURT: Well, I mean your argument --

MS. STEIN: And for some reason we have been unable to get them to either build upon --

THE COURT: Sorry to interrupt. Hello?

MS. STEIN: -- that we have provided them or for them to even provide their own search terms. I, frankly, have never dealt with a case where Plaintiffs don't send over boolean search terms. I mean, they are often broader than what we want to see; but, you know, here we just got a list of words that includes things like "likes" and --

MR. SNYDER: But before -- Deborah, let me just add to that. This is Orin Snyder from Gibson Dunn.

Your Honor, here is the problem. They are getting all the FTC documents that relate to the -- to their case. The FTC investigated other things that have nothing to do with this case at all. Let's call it X, Y and Z.

THE COURT: I know but --

MR. SNYDER: And we should not --

THE COURT: It sounds like you're arguing -- if I may interrupt, it sounds like what you are saying is that if you turn over the search terms that you used for the FTC documents, then they are going to react in an overzealous way to that and they are going to start demanding stuff that isn't relevant to this litigation, and that is -- it is just going to be a distraction.

But that, of course, can be dealt with. If they start asking -- if receiving those search terms starts causing them to ask for stuff that they shouldn't be entitled to in this

litigation, that can be dealt with at that time. 1 On the other hand, maybe the search terms that you used 2 would help inform the search terms that are used in this case. 3 And it feels a little bit like you are just hiding the ball by 4 5 not being willing to give them those search terms. 6 MR. SNYDER: No, Your Honor. Your Honor took pains to identify four potential theories buried in their pleading. 7 the Court held in its decision that the case is limited to 8 those four theories. 9 THE COURT: For now. 10 11 MR. SNYDER: -- and anything else -- right. And, therefore, we should be engaging in discovery based on 12 those theories with search terms and custodians. 13 They want now discovery into essentially what the FTC asked us to produce 14 15 that has nothing to do with this case which is a classic 16 fishing expedition. 17 THE COURT: Yeah, but --MR. SNYDER: And we have agreed --18 -- all I'm asking you to give them is the 19 THE COURT: 20 search terms. MR. SNYDER: Right. 21 I'm not asking you to give them the 22 THE COURT: 23 documents.

MR. SNYDER: But the search terms are the key -- it is

the same thing effectively, Your Honor, because it identifies

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areas that have nothing to do with this case, and it would lead not only to unnecessary motion practice but --

THE COURT: Oh, there is going to be plenty of unnecessary motion practice in this case. I don't think we need to worry about that.

MR. SNYDER: But the Court has already held at the last CMC, the January one, that not all materials produced to the FTC must be reproduced here. Giving them the search terms would be an end-run around that ruling.

This is not FTC versus Facebook. This is the Plaintiffs versus Facebook.

THE COURT: Why? Why? I'm not saying you give them access to the universe of documents searched. I'm just saying you give them the search terms to help them -- to help them inform their position on what the search terms should be.

MR. SNYDER: That's not why they want them.

Martie, go ahead.

MS. KUTSCHER: One of the bigger issues we are also facing on this issue is what the Plaintiffs requested in their document request was all of the FTC materials and then a slew of other materials. So they have those requests and they have twenty-some odd additional requests.

We are giving them the FTC materials, and the FTC search terms are crafted around those materials. They are not crafted for the additional searches or the additional requests the Plaintiffs had made.

So using the FTC search terms as a starting point just isn't really an effective way to start because those searches are tailored towards the documents they are already getting from the FTC productions and really are not tailored or relevant to the additional document demand, and that's what we need to figure out, the searches for those demands.

MR. LOESER: Your Honor --

THE COURT: But you can make those arguments after you give them the search terms. You can make those arguments after you give them the search terms. You can say: Here is the search terms, but we can't -- we can't be tied to this because it is going to produce a bunch of stuff that is irrelevant. I mean, what am I missing?

MR. LOESER: Which, Your Honor, is exactly why we want the search terms. I'm sorry to interrupt, Mr. Snyder, but you know, what we are hearing is a lot of description of things that were after that were inappropriate, and we were searching for materials that were not related to our case.

That is all not true. We want the search terms specifically to identify things that are related to the case. And if it kind of seems like hiding the ball, that's exactly what it is. These terms resulted in the production of materials for an investigation that significantly overlaps. They are a good starting place.

When we get the terms, we can look at ones. If they don't relate to this matter, we will cross them off the list. If we want to argue with Facebook about what does or doesn't relate to matter, then that is the meet-and-confer we were trying to have with them which they refuse to have.

It just doesn't make sense to claim that these terms are not helpful or unrelated. Obviously they are. They resulted in the production for an investigation that overlaps substantially with this case.

I can promise the Court and Mr. Snyder and everybody else on the phone, we have no intention of using them inappropriately or for any purpose other than identifying appropriate search terms for the subject matter of our case. We have no other intention.

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, we have -- this is

Mr. Snyder. We have briefed this already. Your Honor's point,
it wouldn't be fair to weigh in without more information; that
you need three hours. If I can respectfully request, this is a
big issue for Facebook for reasons that we set forth in our
briefing.

We believe this should be a threshold issue or be for the Magistrate Judge, and it would be unfair for Your Honor, based on this limited record, to rule on this issue.

We are not hiding the ball at all. This has to do with them getting results of search -- searches that -- Facebook

conducted internally to produce documents to the FTC.

The way the Federal Rules work is the parties meet and confer and agree on search terms based on the case before them. And we would respectfully request that once the Magistrate Judge is in place, this will be the first issue to address; and that we abide that rather than have it -- frankly, a ruling on at best a partial record.

THE COURT: It sounds like you are working on briefing already. Why don't you submit a letter brief to me, a joint letter, by Monday. And then I will decide whether to rule on it or kick it to the Magistrate Judge.

MR. SNYDER: That sounds great.

MR. LOESER: Your Honor, Derek Loeser. That sounds fine. We do have the materials already prepared. In case you are interested in knowing, they weren't filed because after we prepared our portion, Facebook indicated that it would provide us with search terms and custodians. We waited for that. That's when we got their 9 custodian and 12 search strings which wasn't worth waiting for. So we have those materials.

THE COURT: The only other thing I want to say right now, and I'm going to -- I mean, I have said it a number of times on the record already -- I am concerned -- you know, without making any suggestions about anybody, you know, whether anybody is acting in bad faith or being dilatory or anything like that, I am concerned that Facebook has, you know, often

made statements reflecting an unduly narrow view of what should be turned over to the Plaintiffs.

And, you know, this is a big case. I mean, there is often a lot of talk about proportionality and whatnot. This is a big case. It is a significant issue. You know, and there is -- this is not the type of case where we are going to be saying: Well, that might end up -- that effort might end up uncovering some relevant information; but, you know, it is just too expensive or difficult, and so we are not going to make Facebook do it.

This is really not one of those cases where that is very -- that type of argument is likely to carry the day. You know, and, as I have said a number of times, you know, the best way to figure out what happened as it relates to the claims that are going forward now is to -- for Facebook to produce all information, all documents about the practices associated with giving third parties access to friends' information and friends' of friends information.

And I --

MR. SNYDER: Your Honor, may I be heard on that because Your Honor has no basis for concern on that score.

If I was there, I would look you in the eyes. I'm telling you, Judge, we are not only acting in good-faith; we are eager to produce documents, whatever the expense, that are relevant to the issues in this case.

And we have been trying to do that by meeting and conferring and trying to get moving in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure which is, you ask us for documents. We meet and confer on custodians and search terms, and we produce documents.

We are not saying expense. What we are saying is -Your Honor knows the history of the case as well as we do. It
started in' 18. Your Honor gave them discovery on five topics.
They filed a Complaint. Your Honor identified deficiencies in
that Complaint. They filed a new Complaint. Your Honor sifted
through this kitchen sink Complaint and identified the viable
potential theories. And on those theories not only is there no
ball hiding, we want to get on with it. It is not that
complicated.

THE COURT: I have heard --

MR. SNYDER: But, Judge -- what they want to do,

Judge, is they really are still looking for a better theory and
that's what this is all about. Otherwise, they would be acting
like a Plaintiff and saying: Okay. Let's get the search terms
and let's get the custodians.

Instead, they want to backdoor FTC search terms because they are looking for some other theory of the case. But I am confident, Your Honor, that when you see our performance on the issues in this case in terms of our production of documents, you will have no basis for concern because we want to get on

with it because we think those documents actually are the key to us winning this case.

THE COURT: I can't wait. Okay. So we will -- we will hear from you-all on a couple of things by Monday. And in the meantime, I will look into the possibility of a Magistrate Judge referral for discovery purposes.

MR. SNYDER: Great. Thank you.

MR. LOESER: Derek Loeser. Before we all hang up and go our separate ways, can I raise a couple other discrete issues?

THE COURT: Only if it is really quick.

MR. LOESER: Yeah. One is just this process for having Your Honor receive joint submissions on disputes, and it's just really a housekeeping thing.

Under your rules, you know, there is a procedure where each side puts together five pages and submits it to the Court. One of the problems we have been having with these sort of endless meet-and-confers is there is no deadline to actually submit the materiality to the Court. And that was the basis for our proposal where there would be five days after a meet-and-confer for one party to submit the materials and then three days after that for the other side.

I do think it would remove a real practical problem we are having in terms of the speed with which things can get to the Court.

THE COURT: Yeah, that's -- I hear you. And we will let the Magistrate Judge figure out how they want to address that.

MR. LOESER: Okay. And the very last thing is we have a UK Plaintiff which Your Honor has noted before. The UK Plaintiff we have wishes to withdraw. We have two other UK Plaintiffs who are prepared to substitute in. Claims are exactly the same and simply it would be two people substituting in for one substituting out.

We have asked Facebook to consent. They refuse. They have indicated they are going to oppose our substitutions. And so if that's really the position they are going to take at this stage of the case that we are in, then we will be filing a motion just asking for substitution for this purpose.

THE COURT: Okay. I mean -- I was -- I may be ignorant on this topic. I was scratching my head about whether the class could include everybody in the UK or people from the UK. But assuming it can, I can't imagine denying a request to substitute in Plaintiffs at this relatively early stage in the case. But -- and maybe Facebook can consider my comment in deciding whether to oppose it. But if they -- if they want to oppose it, they have a right to do so; and I will decide the motion.

MR. LOESER: Okay. Your Honor, and for Plaintiffs we are looking really forward to a process where there are more

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1	than 12 search terms and 9 custodians. We appreciate the time,
2	Your Honor, has spent dealing with these issues today.
3	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
4	MR. SNYDER: Thank you.
5	MS. STEIN: Good night.
6	MR. LOESER: Thank you.
7	(Proceedings adjourned at 1:47 p.m.)
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10	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
11	We certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript
12	from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
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14	DATE: Sunday, March 8, 2020
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